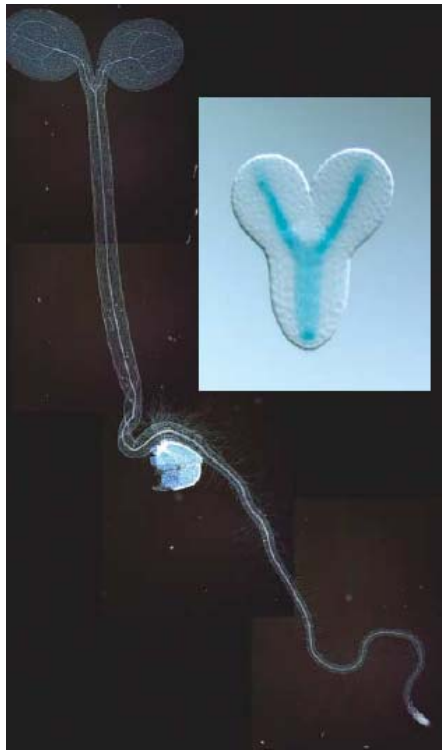




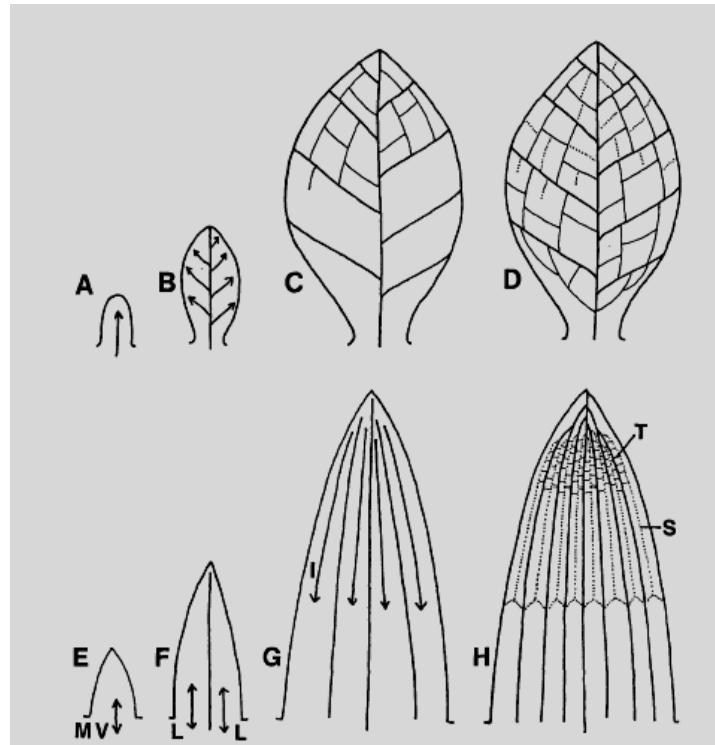
Mechanical stimuli and vascular tissue differentiation

**Pia Stieger
University of Neuchâtel
Switzerland**

VASCULAR TISSUES CONNECTORS OF PLANT ORGANS



Fukuda (2004) Mol. Cell. Biol. 5

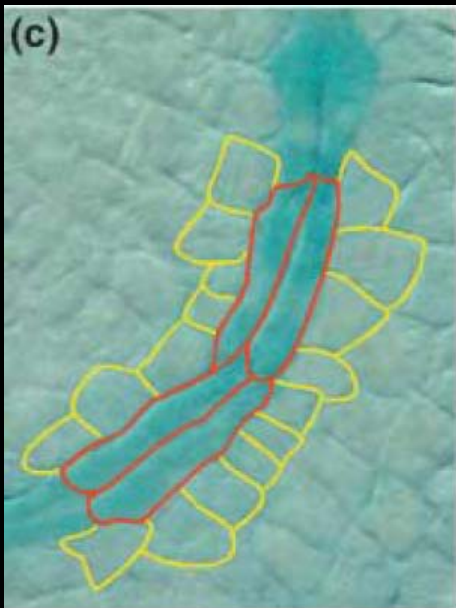


Nelson and Dengler (1997) Plant Cell 9

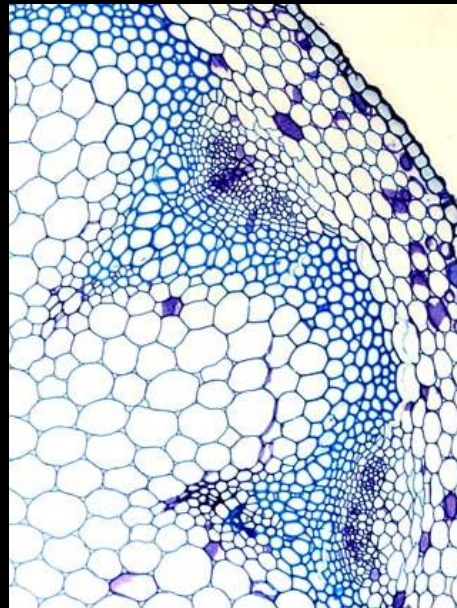
DEVELOPMENT

I. Patterning

Recruitment of cambium cells

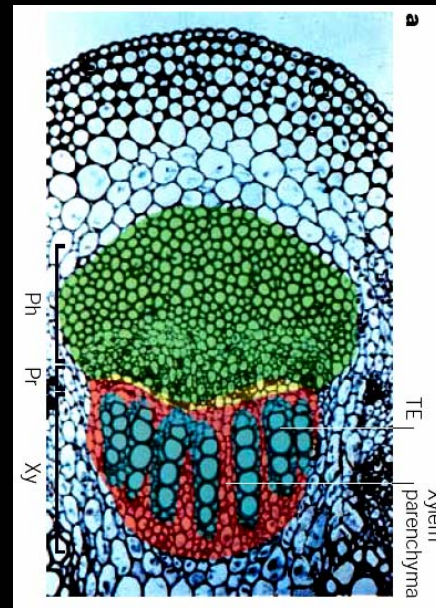


Arrangement of xylem and phloem

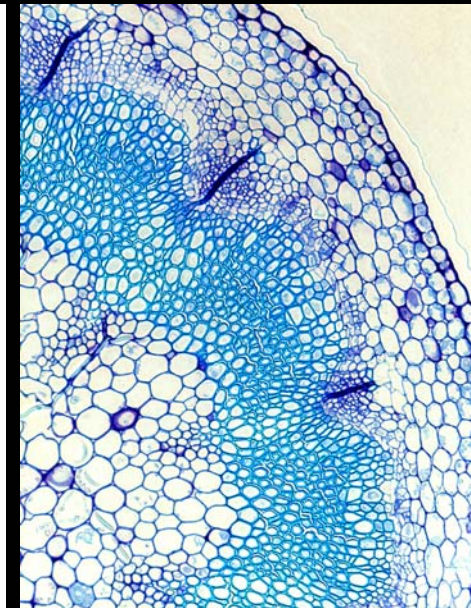


II. Differentiation

Formation of xylem and phloem



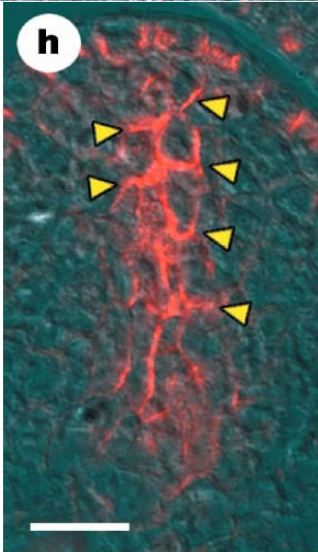
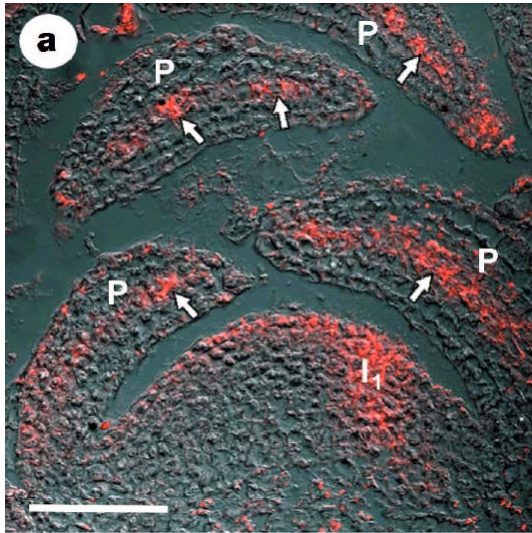
Secondary growth



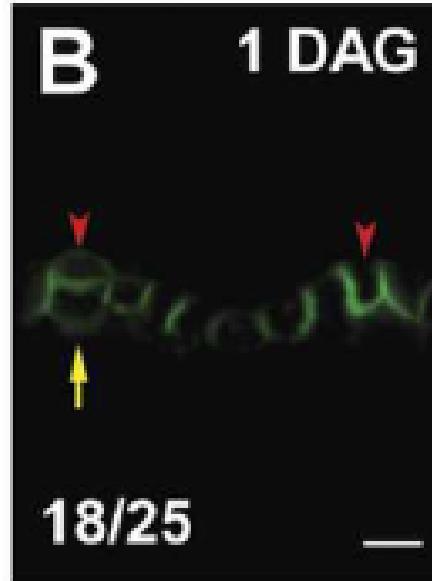
Scarpella and Meijer
(2004) *New Phytol*

Fukuda (2004)
Mol. Cell. Biol. 5

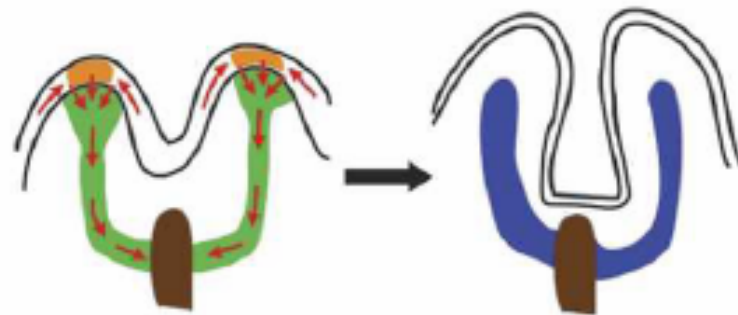
PATTERNING-AUXIN



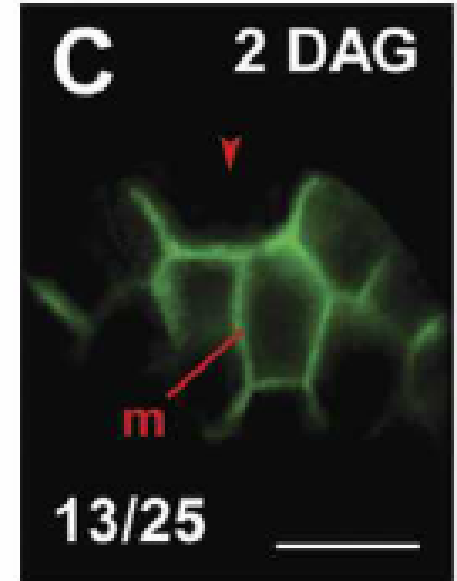
Reinhardt et al. (2003) Nature



B: midvein formation

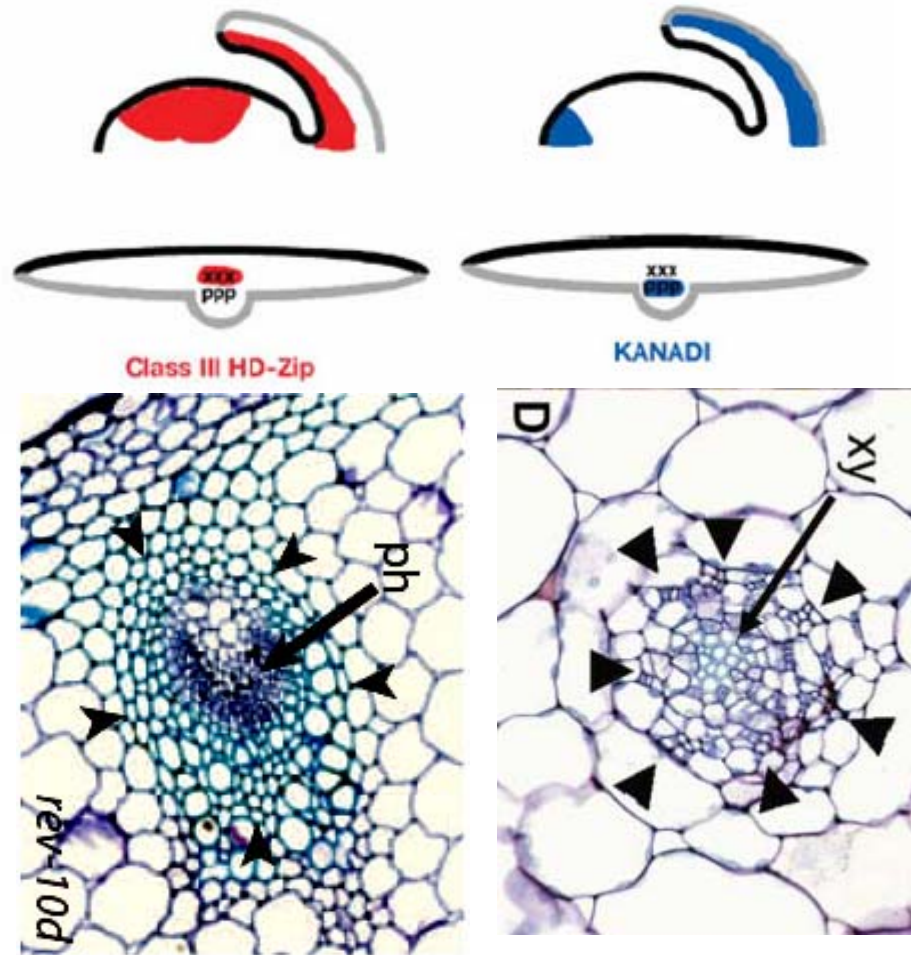


Scarpella et al. (2006) Genes&Development



PATTERNING

AD-& ABAXIAL TRANSCRIPTION FACTORS

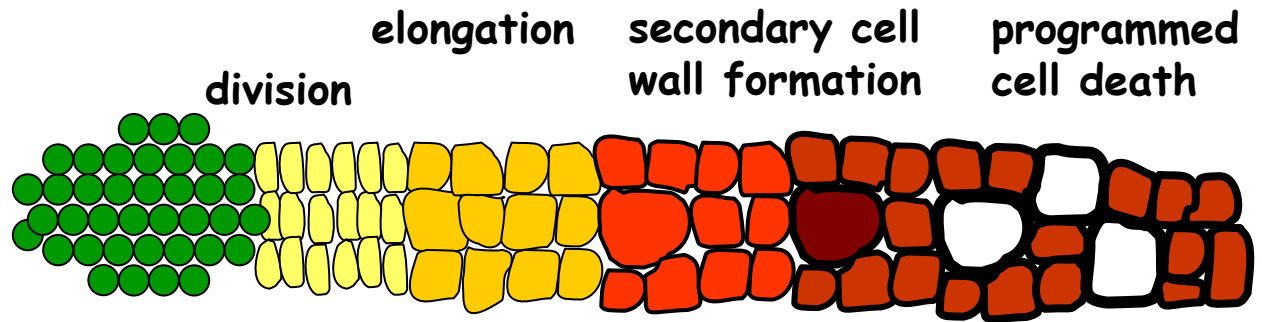
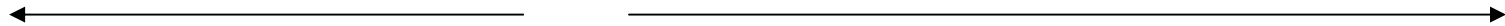


Emery et al. (2003) Curr.Biol.

DIFFERENTIATION

Sieve elements,
companion cells, parenchyma

Tracheary elements, fibers, parenchyma

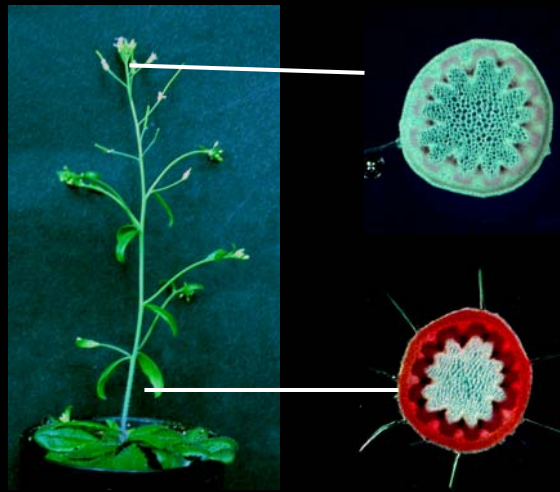


- transcription factors
- cell cycle control
- primary cell wall synth.

- cellulose synth.
- lignin synth.

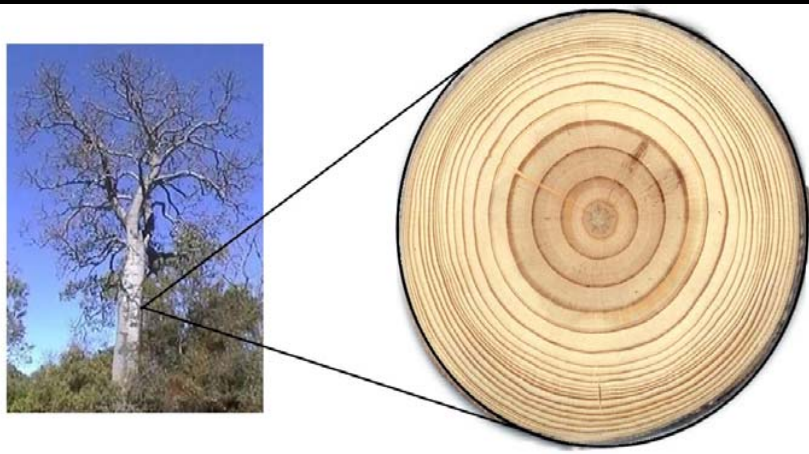
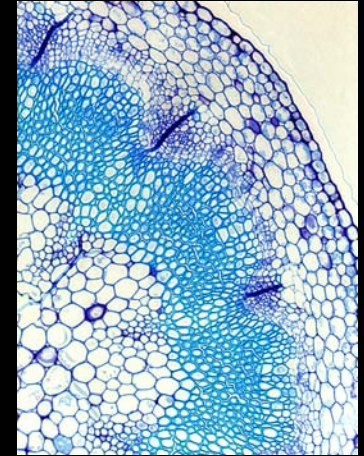
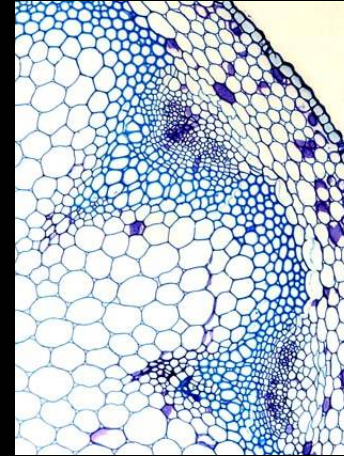
- wall degrading enzymes
- lignin synthesis
- PCD-genes

SECONDARY GROWTH & WOOD FORMATION



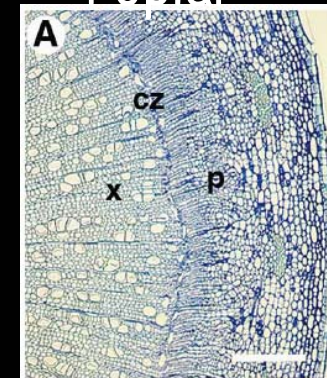
annuals

Arabidopsis



perennials

Poplar



Chaffey et al. (2002)

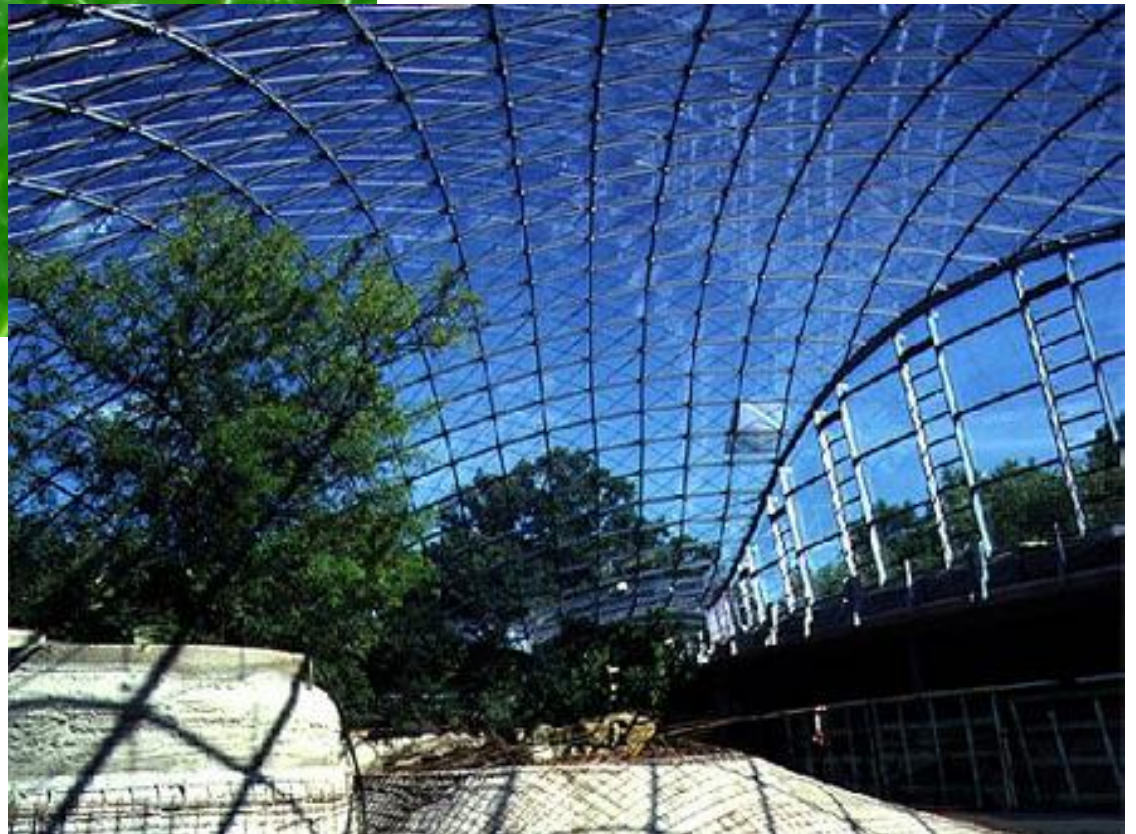
RESEARCH FOCUS

INTERPLAY OF AUXIN, KANADI
AND HD-ZIPIII
IN VASCULAR DEVELOPMENT

MECHANICAL SIGNALS
IN VASCULAR DEVELOPMENT



MECHANICAL SIGNALS



MECHANICAL CONTROL OF DIVISION PLANE

Compressive forces in a cell culture induce spatial ordering
of division and cambium-like growth

Lintilhac et al. (1984) Nature

Cambium formation from callus in grafts depends
on mechanical pressure

Barnett et al (2000) Cell and molecular biology of wood formation

Cell differentiation in *Zinnia* depends on cell culture density

McCann et al.(2001) Plant Physiol

PLANT GROWTH IN MICRO- AND HYPERGRAVITY

Microgravity:

Increase of

- hypocotyl growth
- cell wall extensibility
- xyloclucan degrading enzymes

Decrease of Cell wall polysaccharides

Soga et al. (2002) Planta

Hypergravity:

Increase of

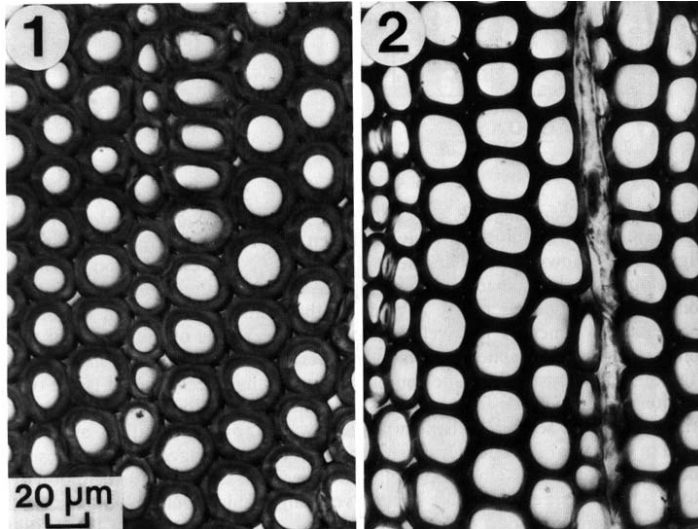
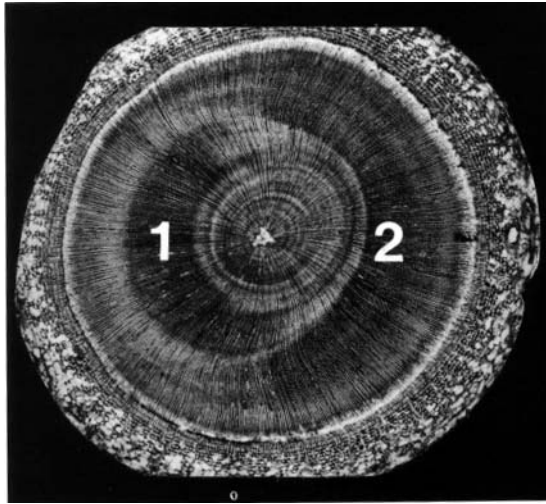
- cell wall thickening
- lignins
- cell wall polysaccharides

Decrease of

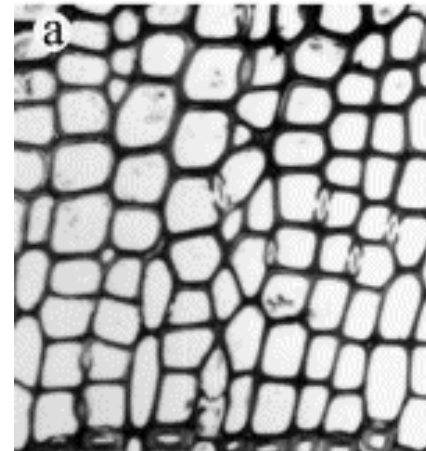
- hypocotyl growth
- cell wall extensibility
- xyloclucan breakdown

Soga et al. (2004) Planta
Hoson et al. (1996) J Exp. Bot

REACTION WOOD

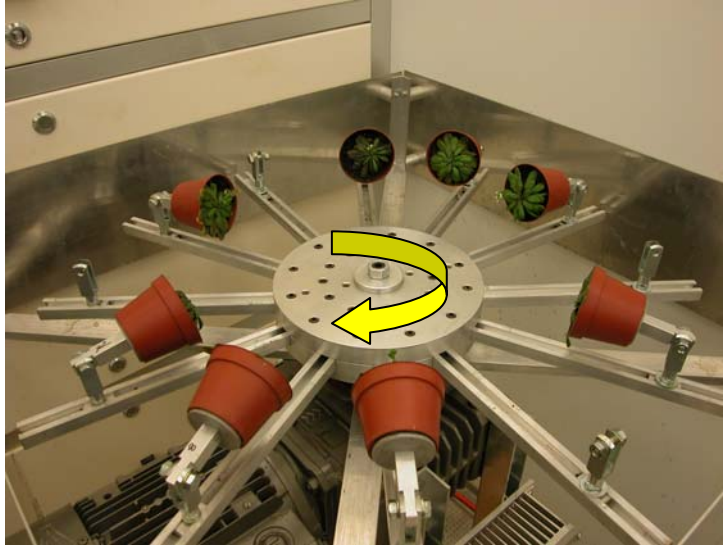


Timell (1984)



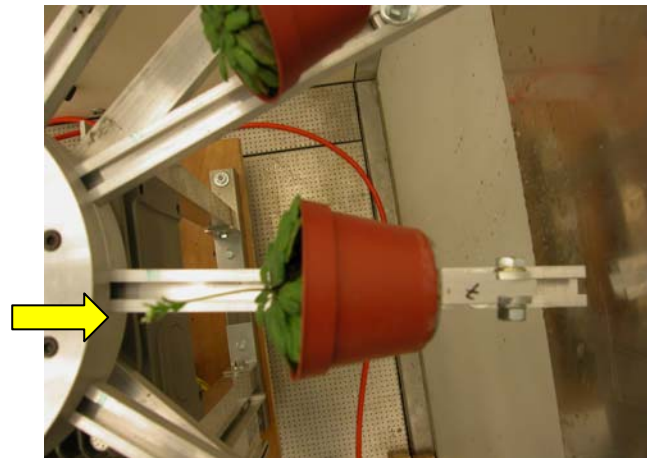
Kwon et al.(2001) Phytochemistry

THE EXPERIMENTAL SYSTEM



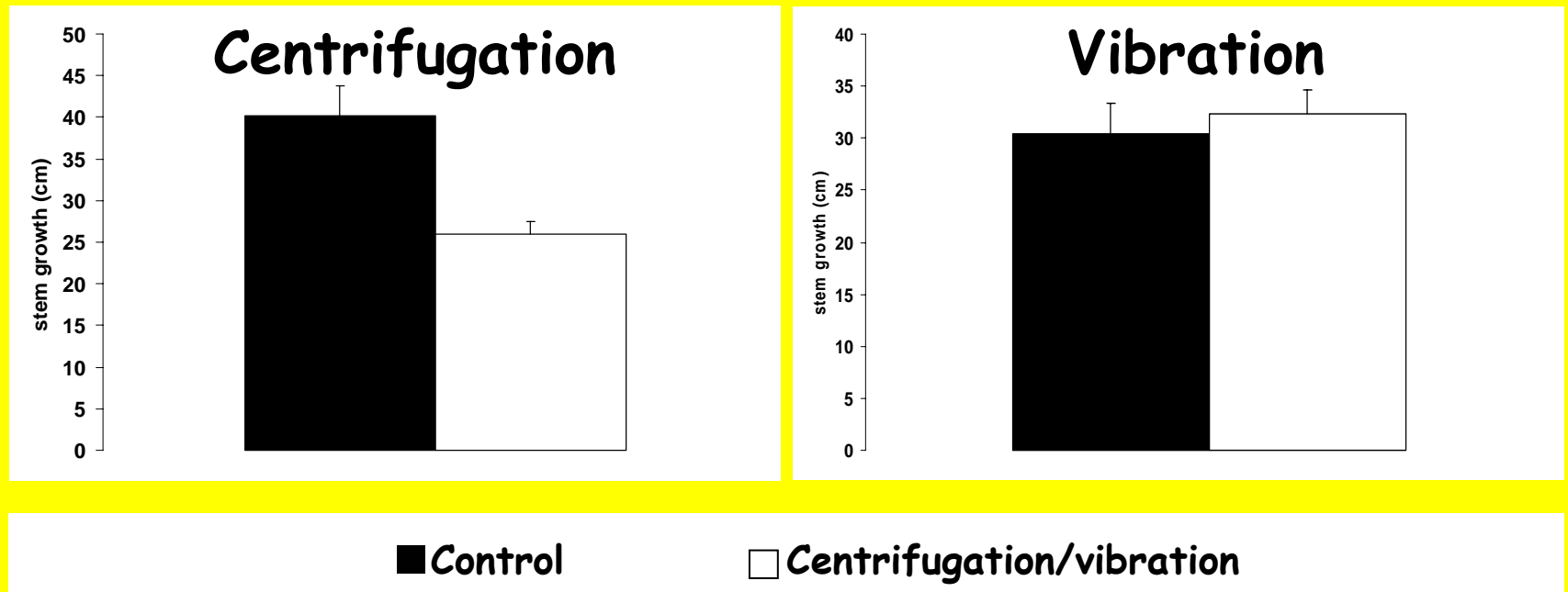
$$11 \text{ ms}^{-2} = 1.123g$$

Centrifugal force
 $a_z = r (2\pi f)^2$



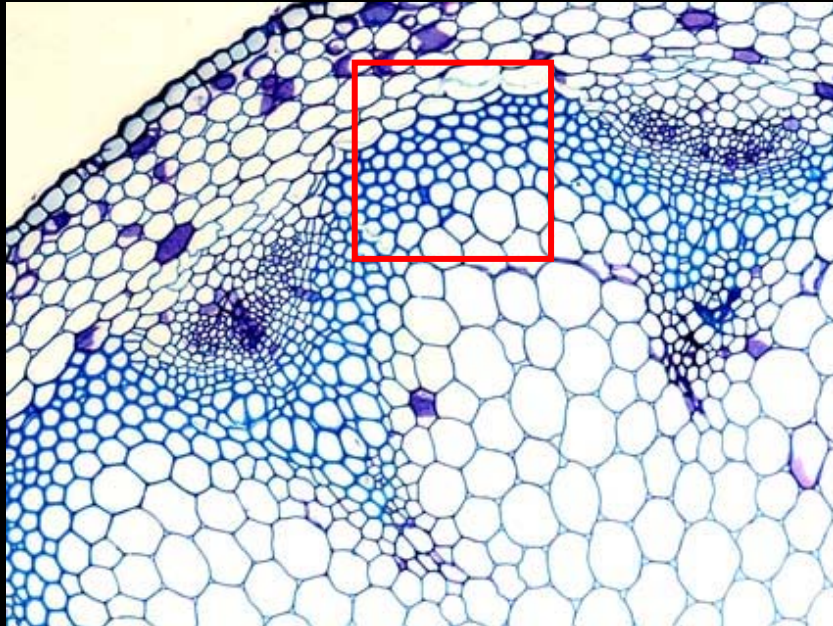
Effects of mechanostimulation on stem growth

Stem growth 14d

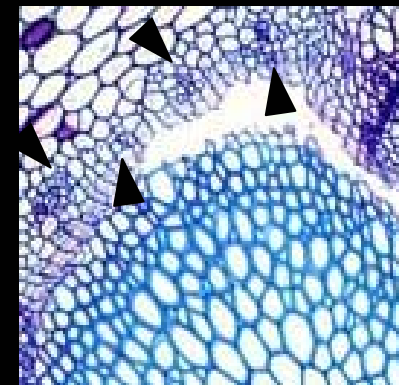
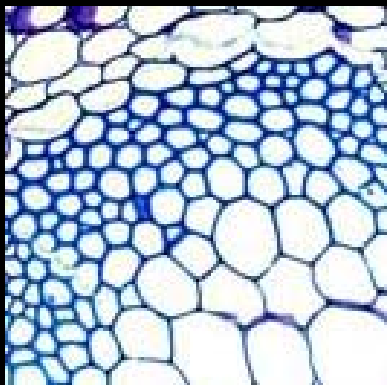
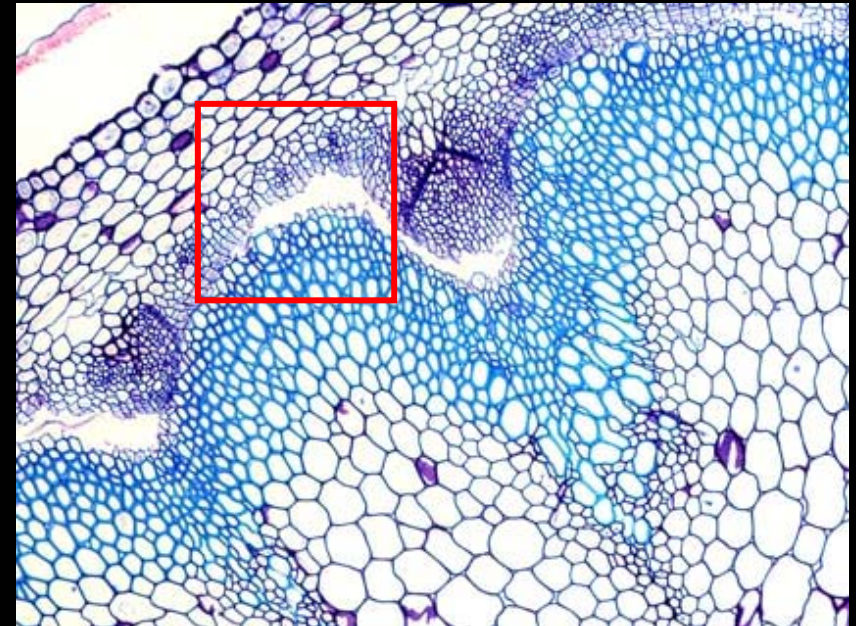


STEM DIFFERENTIATION

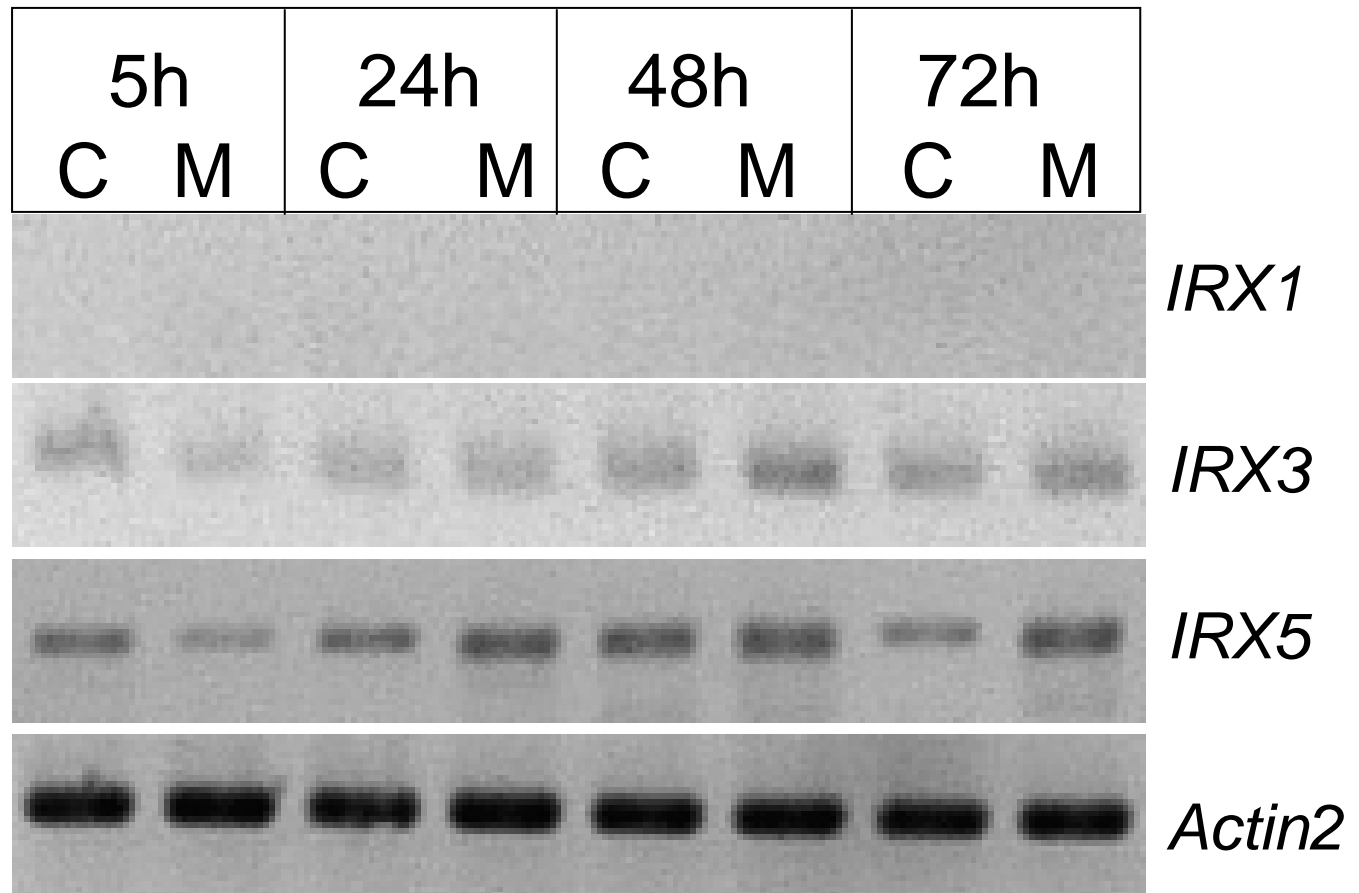
Control 14d



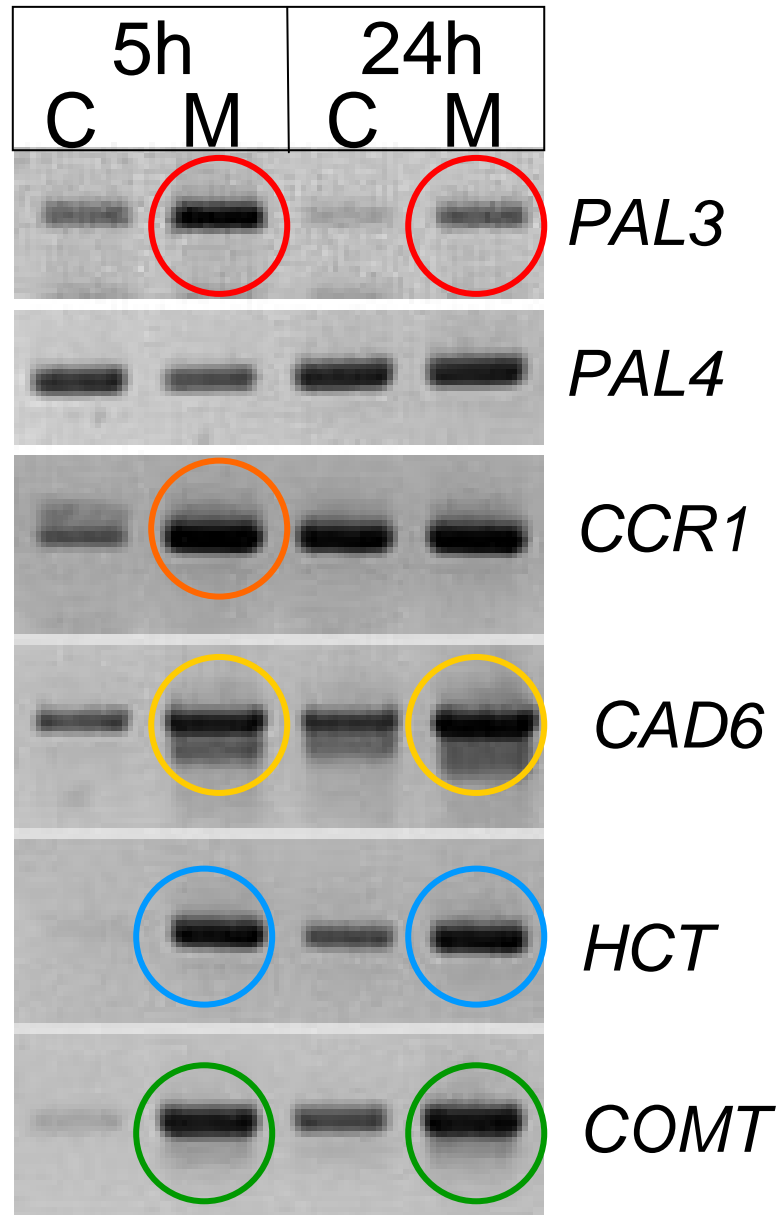
Centrifugation 14d



CELLULOSE SYNTHESIS GENES

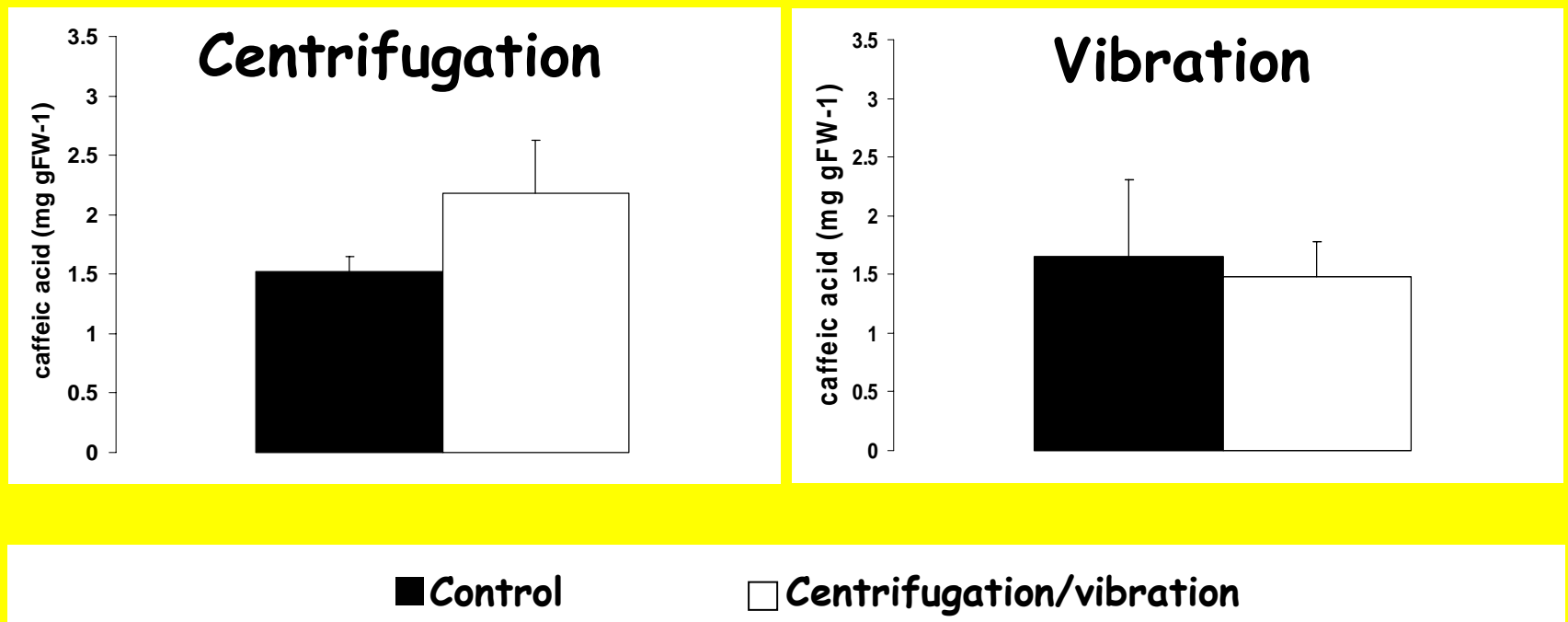


LIGNIN BIOSYNTHESIS GENES



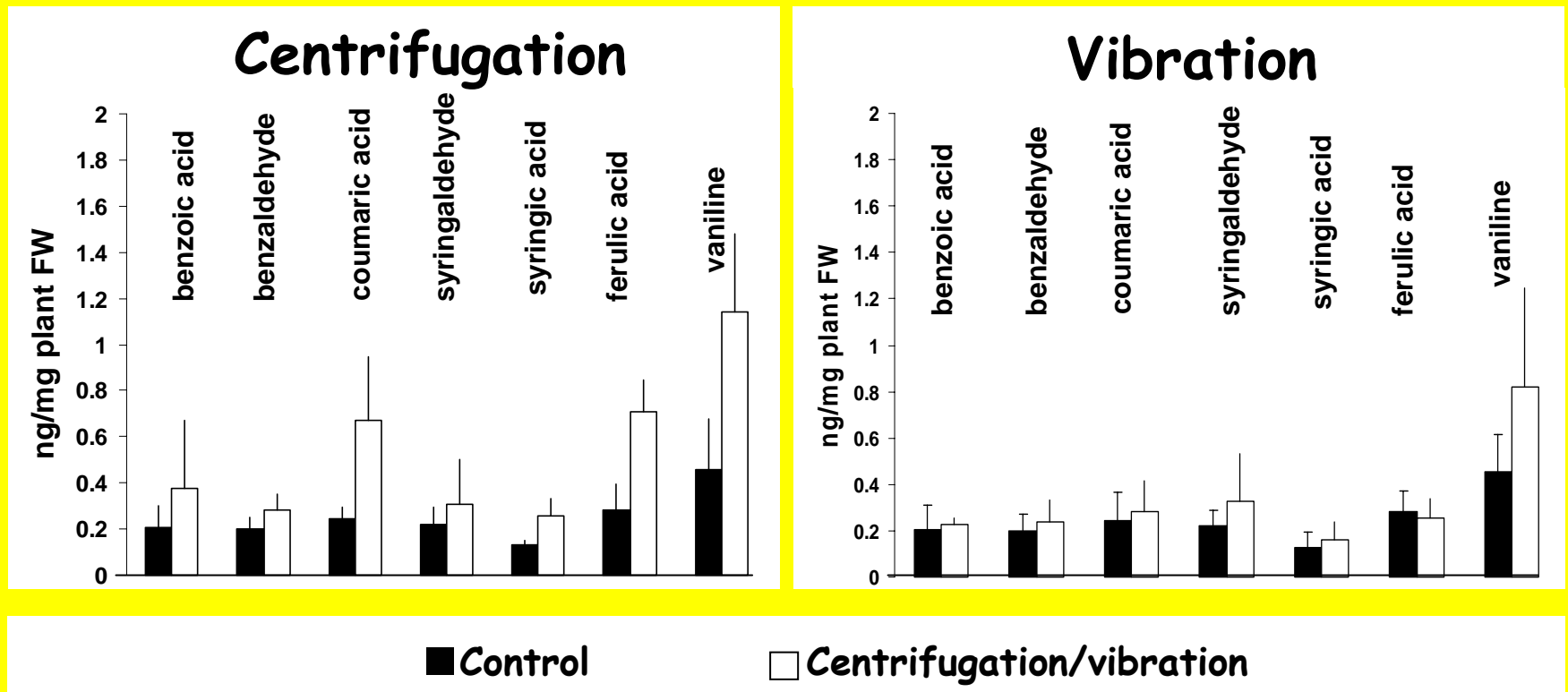
Effects of mechanostimulation on free phenols

Free phenol content after 10d (methanol extraction, Ciocalteu reaction)

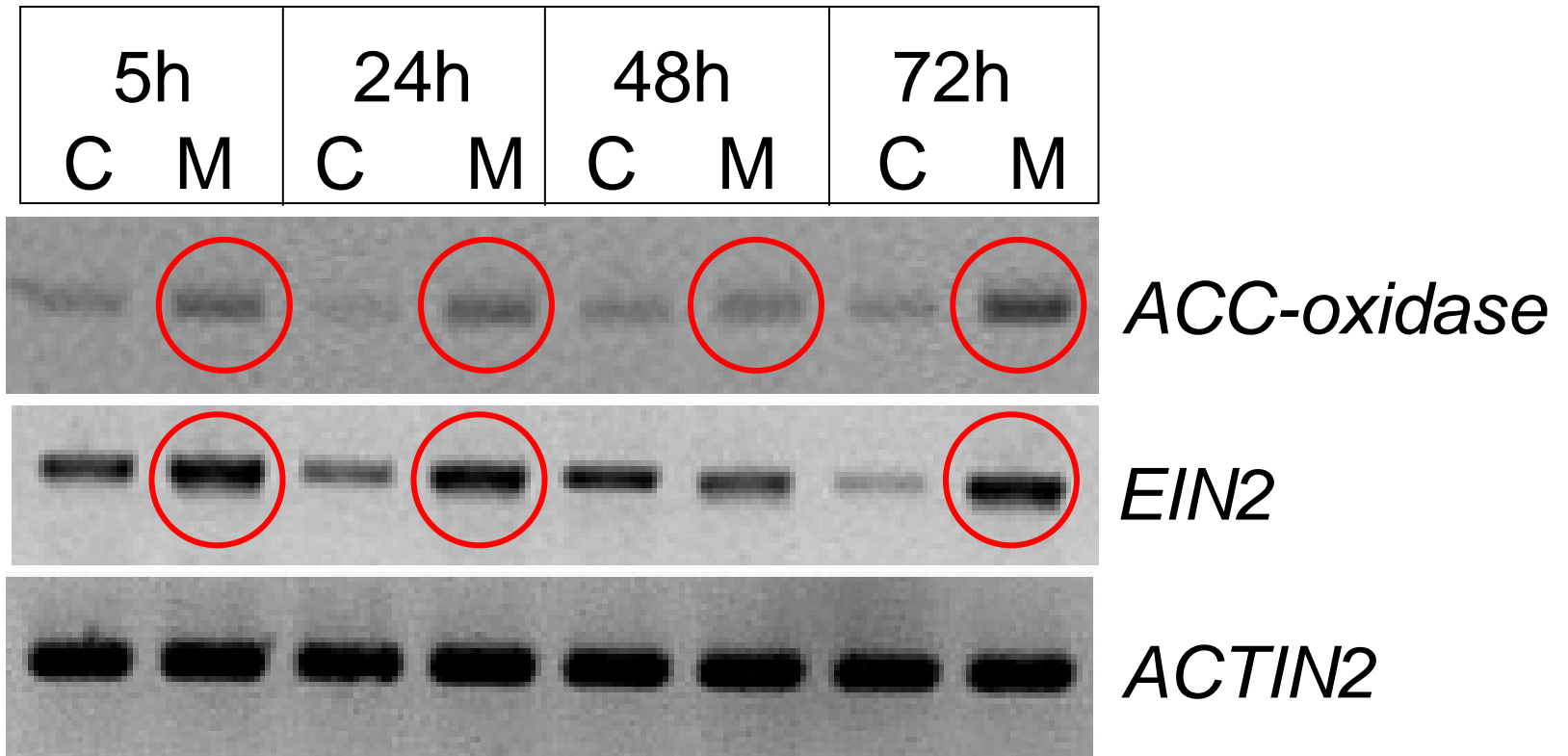


Effects of mechanostimulation on monolignols

Monolignol content after 10d (saponification, HPLC)

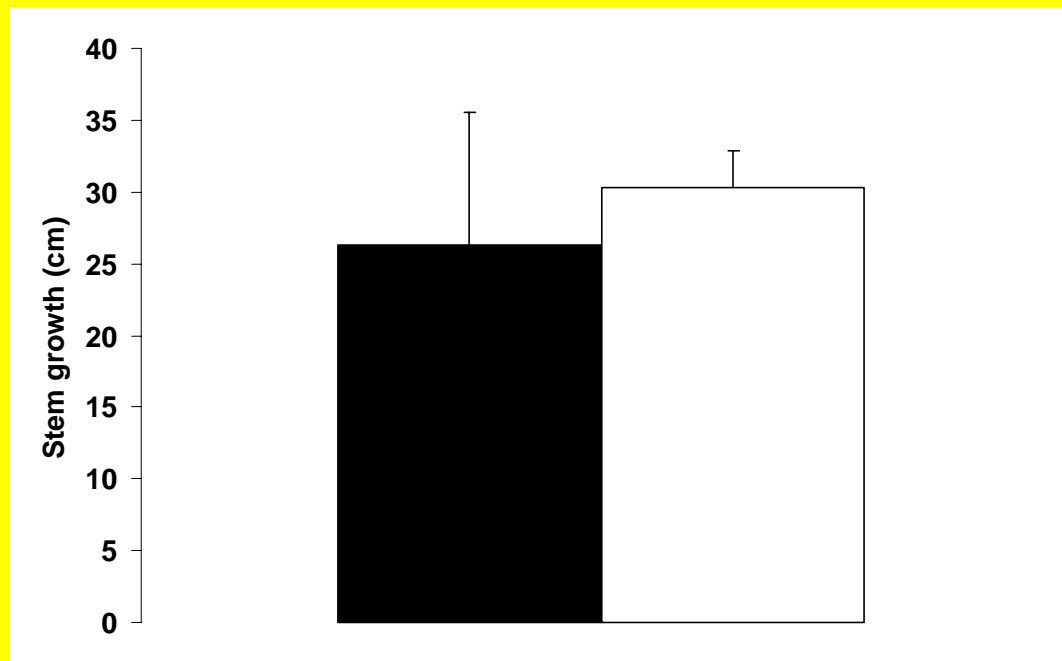


ETHYLENE-RELATED GENE EXPRESSION



Effects of mechanostimulation on stem growth in ein2 mutants

Stem growth 14d

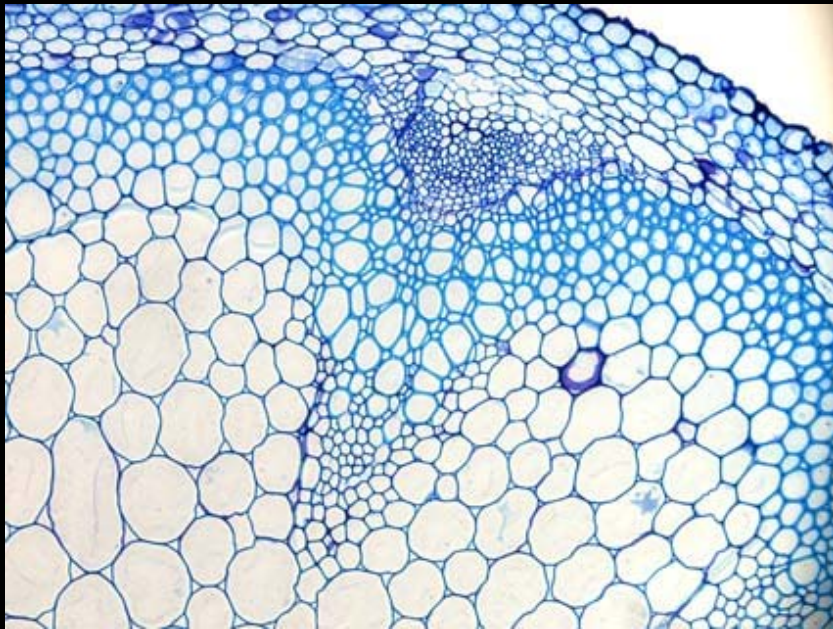


■ Control

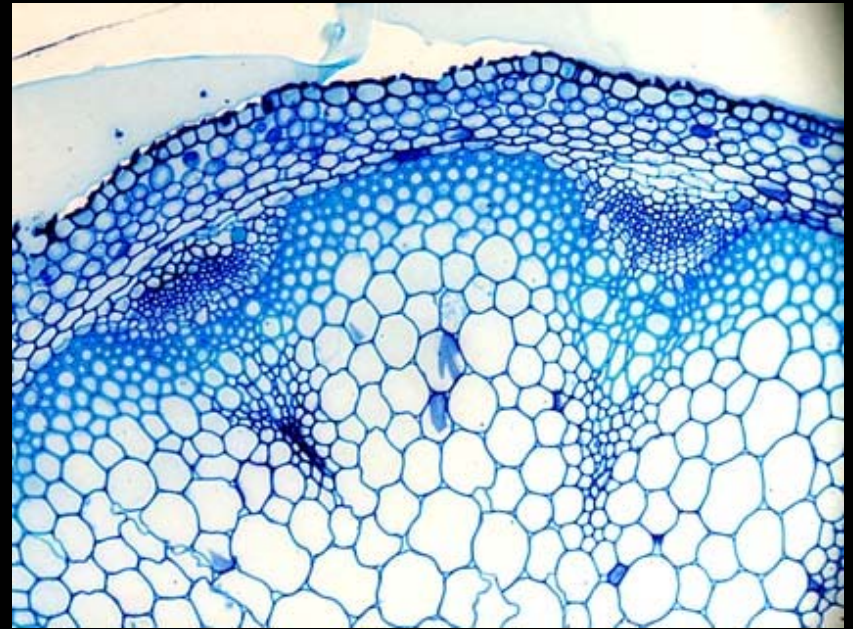
□ Centrifugation

STEM DIFFERENTIATION IN *ein2*

Control 10d

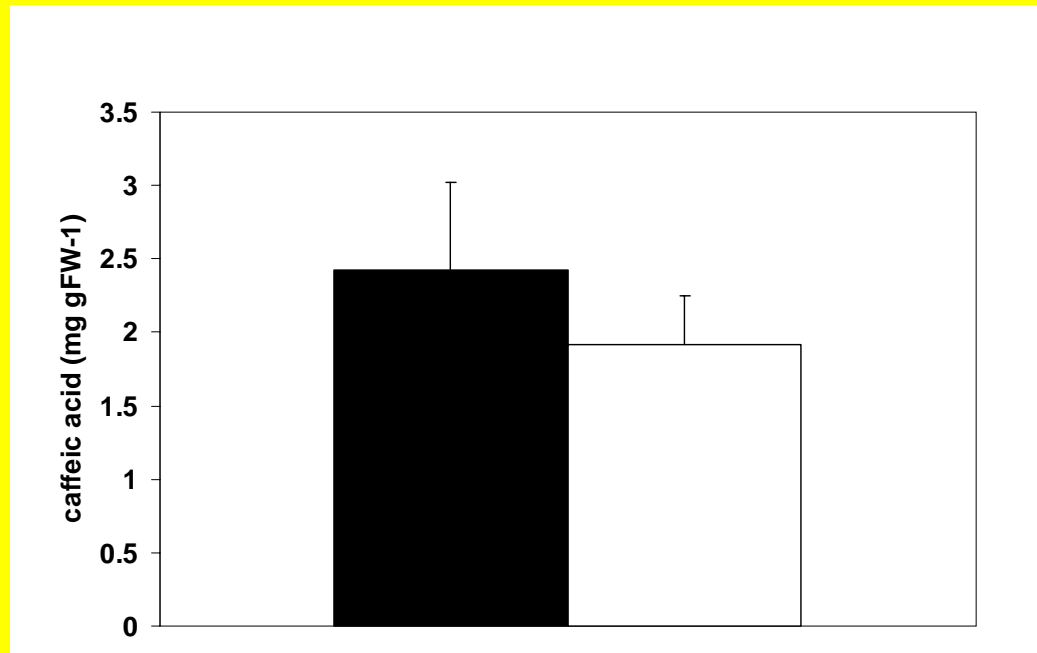


Centrifugation 10d



Effects of mechanostimulation on free phenols in ein2 mutants

Free phenol content after 10d of centrifugation
(methanol extraction, Ciocalteu reaction)

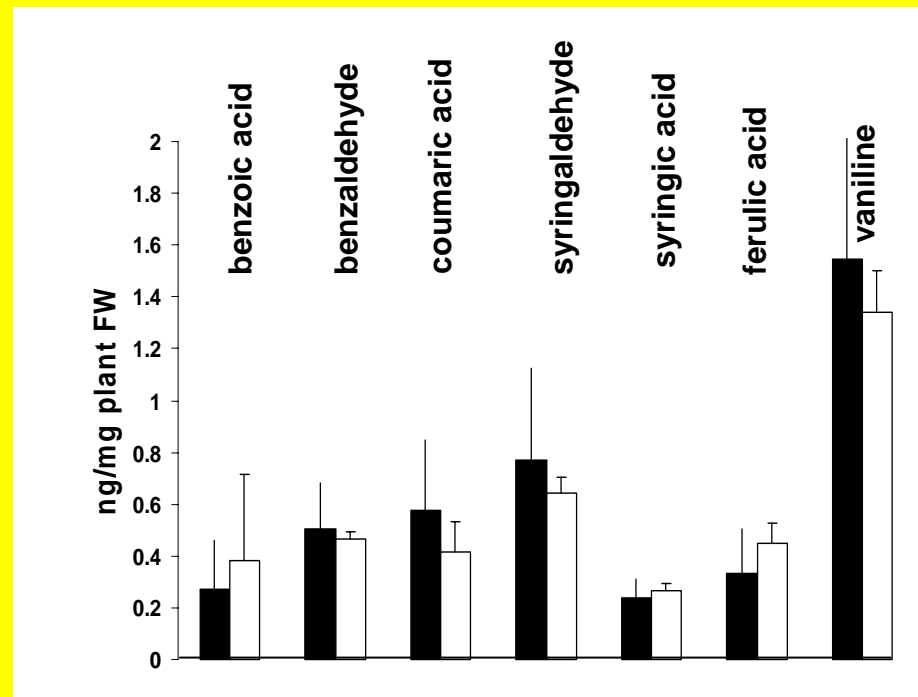


■ Control

□ Centrifugation

Effects of mechanostimulation on monolignols in *ein2* mutants

Monolignol content after 10d of centrifugation (saponification)



■ Control

□ Centrifugation

SUMMARY and CONCLUSIONS

- Mechanical stimulation decreased stem growth
- Secondary growth was induced, when plants were mechanically stimulated.
- Mechanical stimulation induced new phloem poles.
- Lignin biosynthesis genes were induced by mechanical stimulation, as well as contents of free phenols and monolignols
- Decreased stem growth, secondary growth and enhanced lignin production did not occur in the ethylene insensitive mutant *ein2* after mechanical stimulation.

Ethylene involved in the signal transduction from mechanical stimulation to secondary growth?

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Mustafa Tiouabi

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University of Neuchâtel

Institute of Chemistry
University of Neuchâtel

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COST E50 CEMARE
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